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Secure land. Empower citizens. Assure the future.

#### Introduction



- Implementation guidelines for LADM A six pillar approach
- A case study driven methodology
  - Victoria
  - Belize
- Design and develop a LADM Geodatabase
- Disclaimer



## Pillar 1- Objectives and motivation



- International compliance
  - Global Cadastre (McDougal et al 2013)
- Cross jurisdictional data exchange
  - PSMA Australia
- Upgrading or new versions for existing systems
  - Stewart



### **Pillar 2- Existing institutions**



- It is not about data, it is about implementation implications
- Case study Victoria, lesson from ePlan implementation
  - Vicmap property update
  - Software vendors and solution providers for ePlan
  - Cadastral surveyors, data literacy
  - Local governments
  - State governments
  - National bodies such as PSMA Australia
- Case study ESRI Geodatabase
  - Use LADM as a reference and make sure to be compliant but let the business needs drive and put it to the test



## Pillar 3 – Semantic Compliance



- Existing land administration processes
- Other relevant domains e.g. land development, land use planning
- Example:
  - Restriction (Encumbrance): A restriction is a formal or informal requirement to refrain from doing something (modified from ISO 19152: 2012 (LADM)). In Victoria, formal restriction examples include building envelopes, rules of an Owners Corporation, mortgages, easements and covenants. These are known as encumbrances when they are recorded on title.
  - Responsibility (Obligation): A responsibility is a formal or informal requirement to do something (modified from ISO 19152: 2012 (LADM)).
     In Victoria, responsibilities are known as obligations and examples include Section 173 agreements under *Planning and Environment Act 1987*, municipal rates and land taxes.

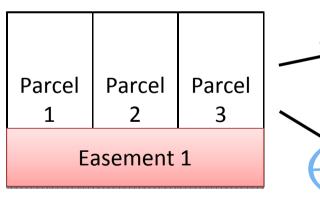


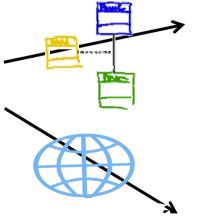


### Pillar 4 – Structural Compliance



- Existing cadastral or land administration databases
- Interoperability with other relevant datasets
- Examples
  - ePlan, spatial approach, legal independence and interoperability





	Parcel 1	Parcel 2	Parcel 3
Rights	Ownership	Ownership	Ownership
Restrictions	Easement 1	Easement 1	Easement 1
Party	Owner 1, LGA 1	Owner 2, LGA 1	Owner 3, LGA1

	Parcel 1	Parcel 2	Parcel 3	Easement 1
Interest	Ownership	Ownership	Ownership	Easement
Beneficiary	Owner 1	Owner 2	Owner 3	LGA 1

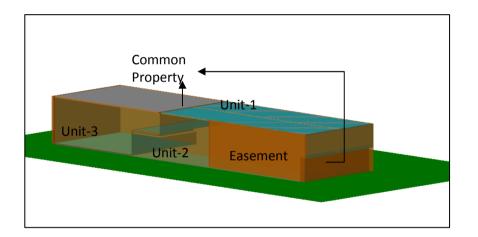


## Pillar 5- Feedback and improvements



#### Examples

- Towards 3D-Cadastre and business case for it
- Consideration of BIM for 3D-Cadastres
- Integrated legal and physical views of the world (Advanced principles of cadastral data modelling, Aien et. al. 2013)
- Cadastral Template 2.0 to include LADM
- A FIG LADM working group to formalise
- Improvement to LADM to be introduced on a regular basis





# Pillar 6- Capacity building



- Land administration curriculums in universities and educational institutions to include LADM
- Examples
  - University of Melbourne, Land Administration systems GEOM30013
  - Tutorials on LADM using EA and ArcGIS

GEOM30013 Land Administration Systems

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Tutorial 4: Creating a land administration data model

1. OBJECTIVE

The objective of this tutorial is to practice the design and development of database for land administration system. You will learn practical skills for designing a simple cadastral database.

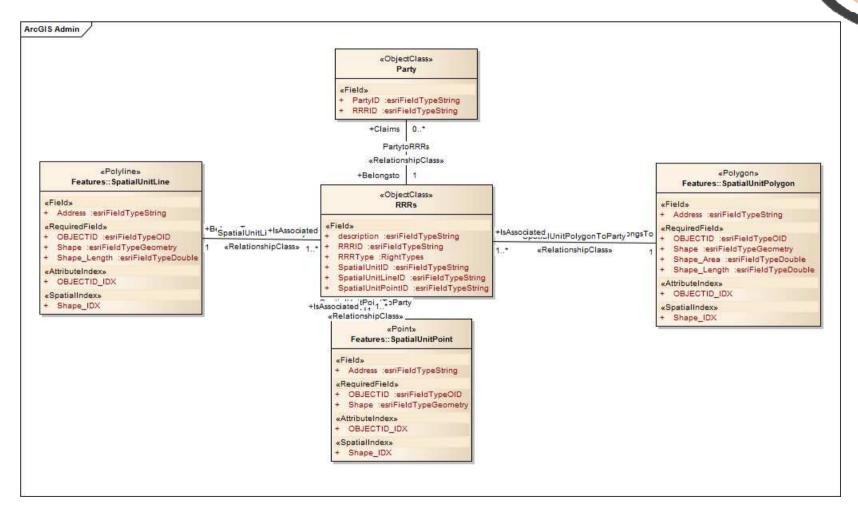
2. INTRODUCTION





#### **LADM Geodatabase**







## **Belize Case Study**



- Stewart has integrated land registration/cadastre software package – landfolio®; currently version 2.5
- Belize project began in 2006 with the initial IADB funded work modernizing the offices of Land Registry and Surveys and Mapping of the Ministry of Natural Resources and Environment
- Landfolio is in the process of re-design (version 3.0) and will include LADM and Esri's parcel fabric
- Selected Belize as test case for new landfolio LADM compliance



## Belize Case Study – cont'd



- Belize has 64 categories of land ownership
  - Declared land: registered in a Torrens system
  - Undeclared land: titled in a deed book and volume system
  - Government or private ownership
  - Absolute or provisional rights
  - Leasehold
  - Timeshare, condominium
- Belize has 170+ user environment across multiple departments (Physical Planning, Valuation, National Estates, Inland Revenue + original registry and cadastre) in 6 district offices + 1 national office



## Belize Case Study – cont'd



- The previous system explicitly models:
  - Proprietorship
  - Taxation
  - Mortgage and easement restrictions
- The previous system implicitly models:
  - Other types of RRRs (for example, Power of Attorney, charge, etc.)
- Since both data models share the Torrens capabilities, the new system retains the implicit RRRs from the entries, however, the data conversion process includes a manual review of each "land register" to find RRRs that are implied in the entries and explicitly create the appropriate objects in the LADM model.



### Key



A = Archive Enabled

E = Edit Tracking Enabled (CreatedBy, CreatedOn, UpdatedBy, UpdatedOn fields)

R = Registered

V = Versioned

Att = Attachments Enabled

Blue = table registered with ArcSDE

Yellow = table is not registered with ArcSDE

Purple = an ArcSDE relation between two other tables





#### **Party**

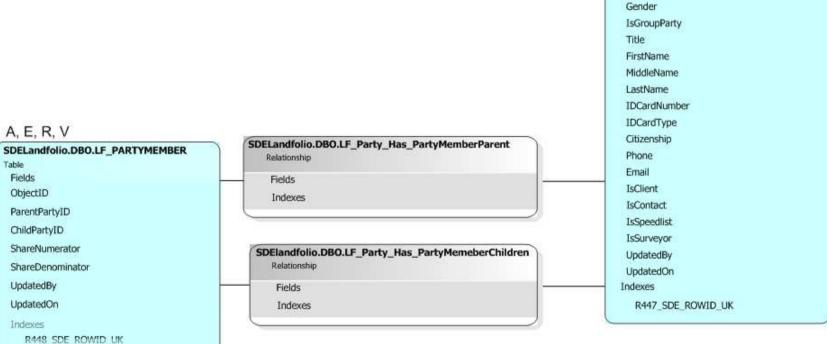
GDB\_1535\_ChildPa GDB\_1535\_ParentP



A, E, R, V

Fields
ObjectID
BAUnitID

SDELandfolio.DBO.LF PARTY

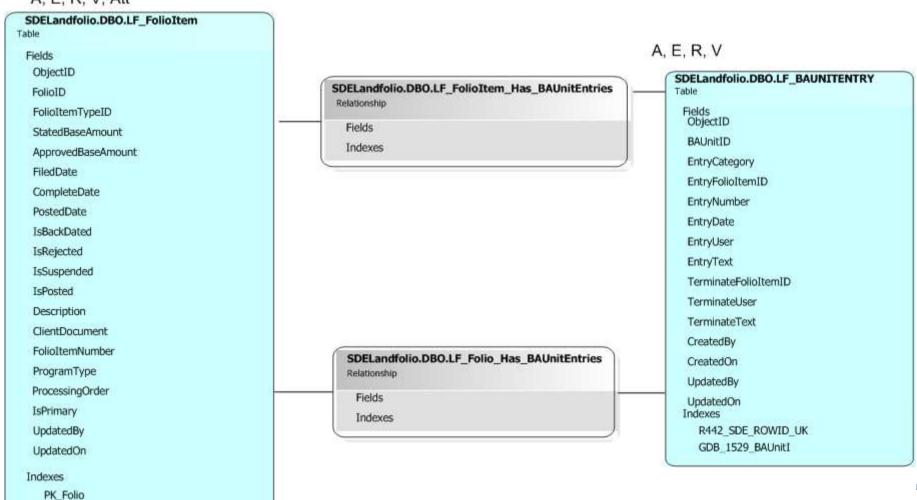




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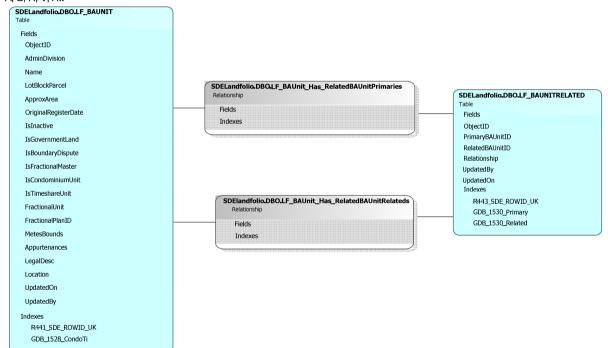
#### A, E, R, V, Att



#### **BAUnit**



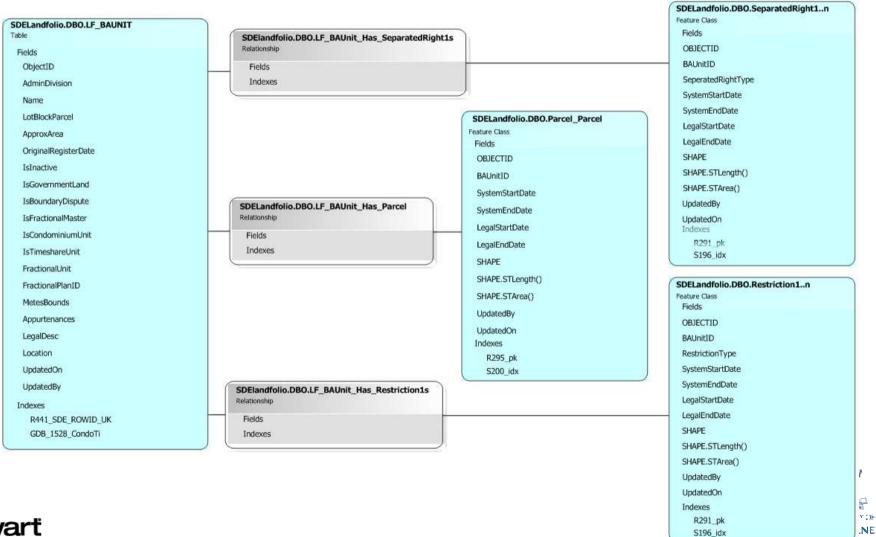






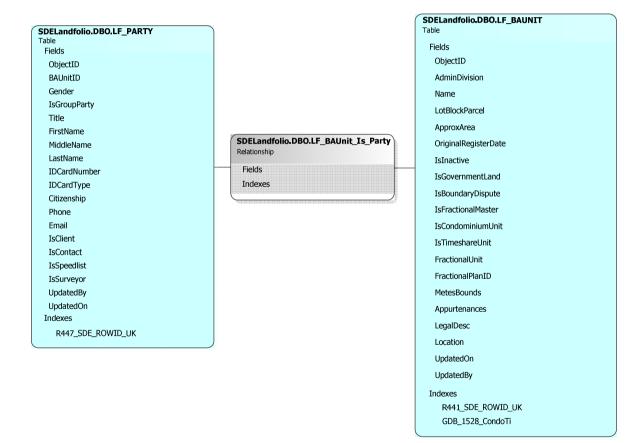
## **BAUnit - Spatial**





#### **BAUnit Is Parcel**

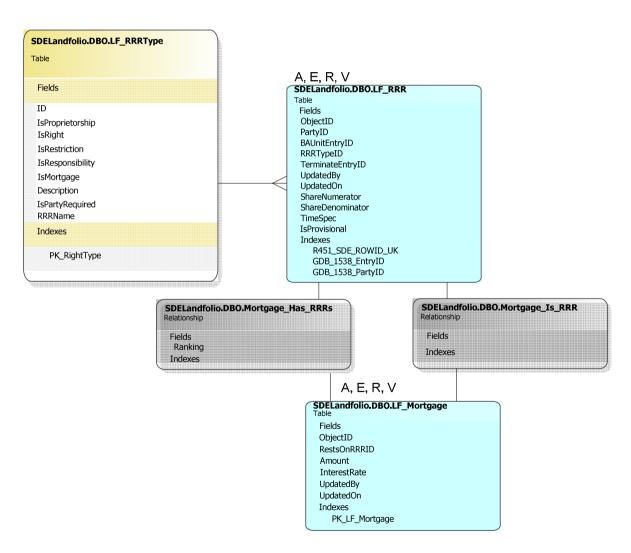






#### **RRR**

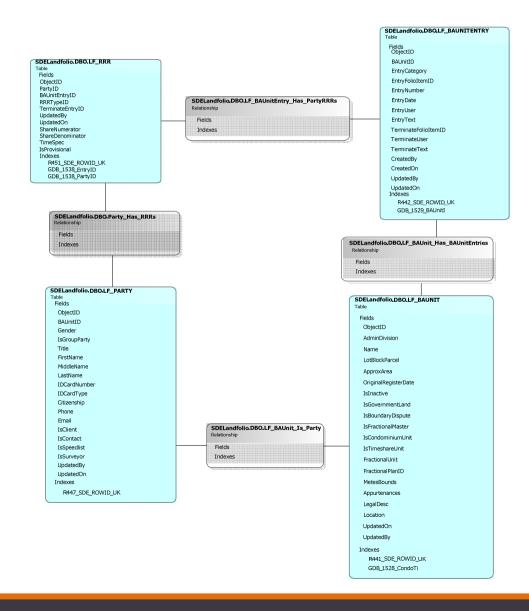






## Source - BAUnit - Party - RRR







### Belize – Next Steps



- Convert entire existing data set (200,000 parcels and associated attributes, documents) using a conversion program to enforce the rules of the relationships;
- Complete development of landfolio 3.0;
- Submit for LADM conformance testing;
- Roll-out to clients

