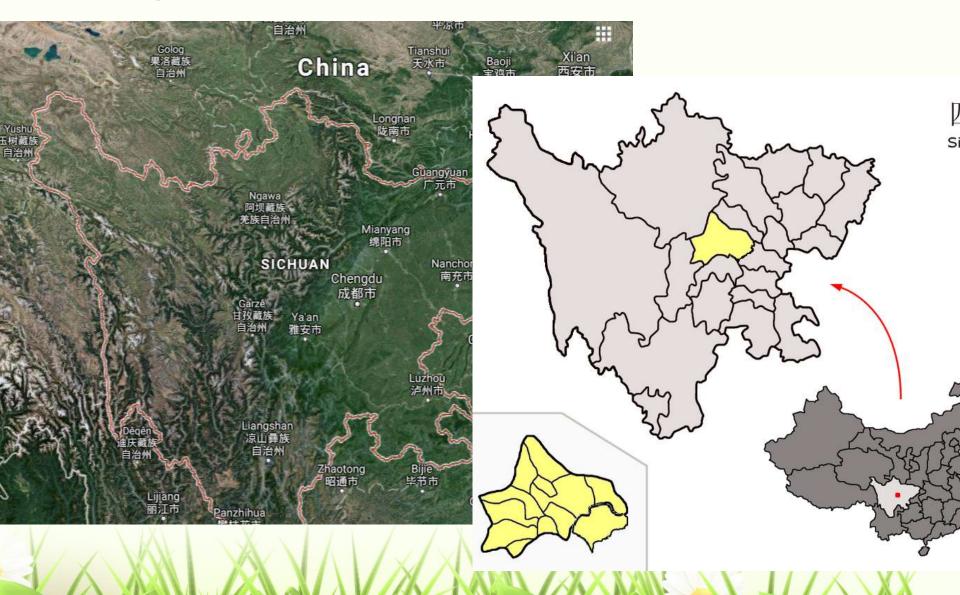


#### Chengdu plain in West China



#### Symbol of Chengdu plain

- the world's biodiversity conservation flagship species
- more than 80% of wild pandas are in Sichuan province.



#### Linpan ----another treasure of Chengdu plain



top view of linpan

#### **Definition of Linpan**

- discoid field green land
- settlements surrounded by groves and farmland, water system
- an integrated rural settlements combine with living, production, ecology and landscape function

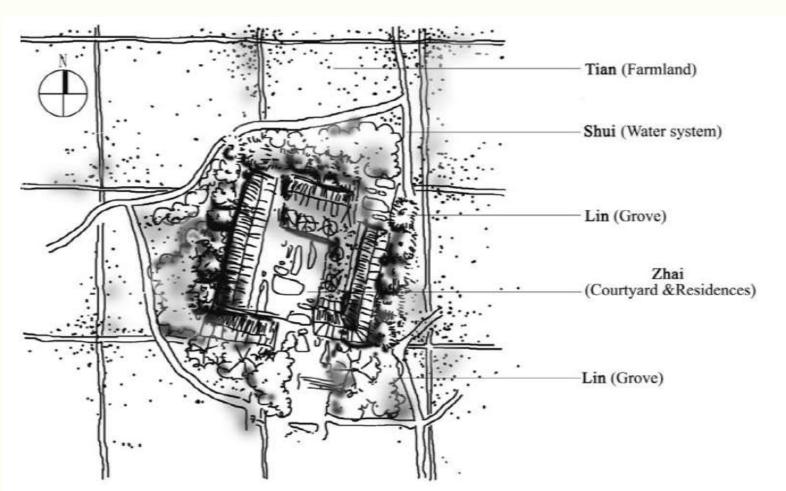




level view of linpan

inner view of linpan

## Basic structural elements of Linpan landscape cell – Survival wisdom in life



"Research of Eco-wisdom of Linpan in Chengdu Plain", (Tao Jing and others, College of landscape architecture of Sichuan agricultural University)

#### **History of linpan**

- 2200 years old Dujiangyan system
- 140,000 linpan along Dujiangyan irrigation area on Chengdu plain.





Dujiangyan dam

linpan photo in Qing Dynasty



#### Usual vision of rural development



Rural urbanisation, no more heritage and nature, landless farmers, settlements far away from nature and rural life

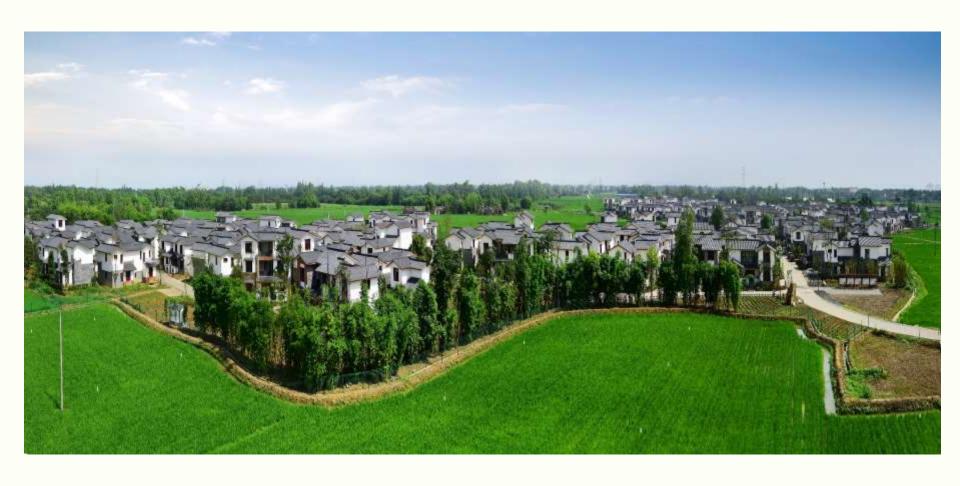
(A New Community of Farmers, Henan province)

# SCME strategy in Chengdu plain

- S: Small settlement
- C:Clustered development
- M: Miniature grove
- ♦ E: Ecological facility



#### Smart attempts in Chengdu plain: Wuxing village



#### Wetland near Wuxing village



#### Harmonious community and miniature rural landscape





Longmenzi linpan,qunan village,chongzhou city

Huoxing farmers community

#### **Country inn in Wuxing village**





### Art gallery in Mingyue village



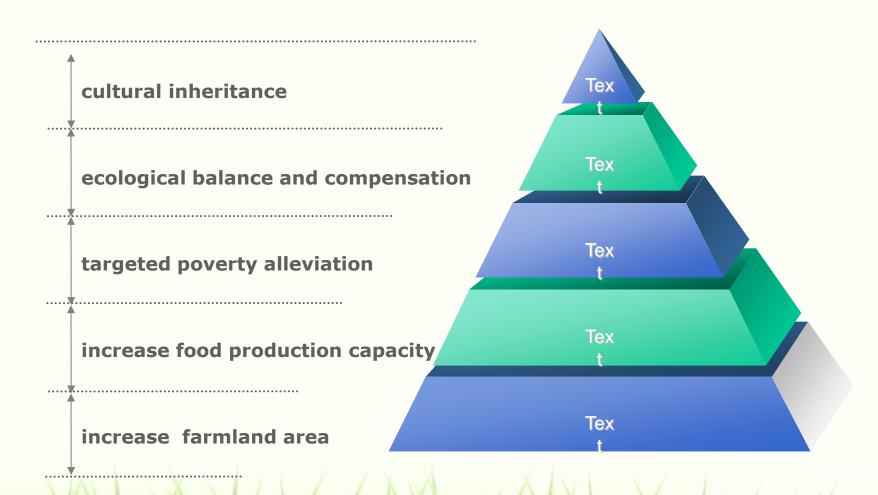


#### Map and bike for visitors in Wuxing village





#### Hierarchy of smart land consolidation



#### **Definition of smart land consolidation(SLC)**

- a new land reconstruction mode that stands for low intervening to nature and maximally protecting the rural landscape and traditional villages.
- It does not advocate the large-scale demolishment and oppose to introduce the urban greening into the country,
- lays more emphasis on keeping the original local natural characteristics and cultural context
- pays more attention to develop and promote the unique natural landscape and offer space for ecological protection and economic development.

#### What can we learn from SLC

- Chinese have learnt to be humble before nature, history and locals.
- Some regions have upgraded the protection of ancient villages and agricultural landscapes to the equal level of the cultural heritage protection, thus it is a qualitative improvement to the land consolidation work in China.
- Matches the people's demand for slow life
- Complies with the fundamental policy of ecological Civilization Construction

